

Semester Exam Study Guide

Chapter 10 Congress

Gerrymandering

Major Function

Representative Democracy

Reapportionment Act of 1929

When is Election Day?

Major Function of Congress

Bicameral Legislature

Senate

- Qualifications to be a Senator
 - 30 years old
 - Resident of state you represent
 - U.S. Citizen for 9 years
- Term in office
- Continuous Body

House of Representatives

- Qualifications to be a Representative
 - 25 years old
 - Resident of state you represent
 - U.S. citizen for 7 years
- Term in Office

Chapter 13 President

8 Roles of the President (be able to define)

- Chief of Party
- Chief Diplomat
- Chief Legislator
- Chief Administrator
- Chief Executive
- Commander in Chief
- Chief of State
- Chief Citizen

3 Qualifications for President

- 35 years old
- U.S. Citizen
- Have lived in United States for 14 years

22nd Amendment limits the number of years a president can serve

25th Amendment states the Vice President would become president in the event something should happen to the President. It also sets who would follow the VP

How is a president removed from office?

Chapter 14 Powers of Presidency

Presidential Powers

- Executing the Law
- Ordinance Power
- Appointing Power
- Removal Power
- Diplomatic and Military Powers
 - Treaty
 - Executive Agreements
 - Recognition
 - Commander in Chief
 - War Powers Resolution
- Judicial Powers and Legislative Powers
 - Recommend Legislation
 - Veto Power
 - Pardon
 - Reprieve
 - Commutation (Commute
- Cabinet

Chapter 18 Judicial Branch

What is Jurisdiction?

- Exclusive Jurisdiction
- Concurrent Jurisdiction
- Original Jurisdiction
- Appellate Jurisdiction

Treason

Supreme Court

- What kinds of cases do they hear?

Federal Courts

Chapter 19 Bill of Rights

Amendments

- 1: Freedom of Religion and Expression
- 2: Right to Bear Arms
- 3: Quartering Soldiers
- 4: Unreasonable Search and Seizures
- 5: Due Process

- 6: Right to a free trial
- 7: Trial by Jury
- 8: Fair Bail and Punishments
- 9: Certain rights are retained by the people
- 10: Certain rights are reserved just for the states and the people

Chapter 21: Civil rights under the law

Minority Groups

- Hispanic is the largest
- Refugee
- African American discriminated against the most in American History
- Segregation
- Equal Protection Clause
- Jim Crow Laws
- Separate but Equal
 - Brown v. board of Education
 - De jure Segregation
 - De Facto Segregation
- Affirmative Action
- Reverse Discrimination
- Difference between natural born citizen and naturalized citizen
- How to become a naturalized citizen?
- What amendment grants citizenship?
- Citizenship by birth
 - Jus Soli
 - Jus Sanguinis
- Define citizen
- Expatriation
- Deportation
- Denaturalization